

Changes to alcohol licensing hearings

Information for alcohol licence holders and applicants about changes to the Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012

5 June 2024

Changes to the Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012

This document provides information about changes to alcohol licensing hearings for licence holders and applicants.

Last year, Parliament made changes to the Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012 (the Act). The changes aim to make it easier for you and your community to have a say in alcohol licensing decisions by making licensing hearings more accessible, and less formal and adversarial.

Apply for alcohol licences as normal

You can continue to apply for alcohol licences in the same way as before. Your local council's website has more information about the application process.

Changes in force from 30 May 2024

From 30 May 2024, there are changes to how alcohol licensing hearings are run by your local District Licensing Committee (DLC).

These changes mean that hearings will:

- avoid unnecessary formality
- not permit cross-examination, or parties to question other parties and their witnesses
- allow for tikanga Māori to be incorporated into proceedings, and
- allow evidence to be given in te reo Māori.¹

You can now ask to attend a hearing remotely. This change also applies to hearings run by the appeal and oversight body, the Alcohol Regulatory and Licensing Authority (ARLA).

¹ These changes *do not* apply to hearings conducted by Alcohol Regulatory and Licensing Authority.

DLC hearings must avoid unnecessary formality

From 30 May 2024, DLCs must ensure their hearing procedures avoid *unnecessary* formality.

Formal procedures can be intimidating for some participants and discourage people from engaging with the local alcohol licensing process, including applicants.

This change does not mean that DLC hearings will have no formality. DLC chairs and members will still run their hearings in a way that allows them to consider your application fully and carefully, including by allowing you and others the opportunity to give evidence.

DLCs cannot permit cross-examination, or parties to question other parties or their witnesses

Questioning is an important tool for DLCs to gather evidence and better consider licensing applications.

Chairs and members of DLCs will be able to ask you questions about your application.

However, from 30 May 2024 DLC procedures must not allow cross-examination. Other parties will not be able to question you or your witnesses. This applies equally to all parties, meaning you, or your representative, will not be able question other parties or their witnesses.

Instead, it will be the job of DLCs to ask questions in an inquisitorial manner. There is nothing preventing you or your representative from questioning your own witnesses.

DLCs must allow for tikanga Māori to be incorporated into proceedings

DLCs will need to ensure tikanga Māori can be incorporated into the way hearings are run.

Appropriate tikanga is determined by mana whenua. This means what is 'tika', or correct, may differ depending on the tikanga recognised and practised by your local iwi or hapū.

There are many ways DLC might incorporate tikanga into proceedings. Some aspects of tikanga you could engage with and support include:

- ***incorporating pōwhiri or less formal whakatau and mihimihi processes to welcome, and close proceedings***, which might include the use of karakia (prayer or ritual chants), waiata (songs), or whakawhanaungatanga (process of establishing relationships, or getting to know one another) in proceedings, and
- ***ensuring that proceedings are mana-enhancing***, such as respecting and supporting everyone to take part.

DLCs must allow evidence to be given in te reo Māori

The Māori Language | te reo Māori (te reo) is an official language of New Zealand.

From 30 May 2024, DLCs must allow evidence to be given in te reo. This change reflects the status of te reo affirmed under the Māori Language Act 2016 | Te Ture mō Te Reo Māori 2016, particularly the right to speak te reo in legal proceedings.

If you wish to give evidence to a DLC in te reo, you can contact your DLC to make any necessary arrangements.

Anyone can request to take part in a licensing hearing remotely

Licensing hearings can already be held by telephone, audio-visual link or other form of remote access if it is appropriate and the necessary facilities are available.

Your local DLC and ARLA must now consider any reasonable request you make to take part remotely in a hearing, or any part of a hearing.

Attending hearings remotely might mean, for example, giving evidence by video link. This change aims to make hearings more accessible. Remote participation gives you and other parties more flexibility, so everyone can have a say more easily.

If you wish to attend a licensing hearing remotely, you can contact either your DLC or ARLA, and make any necessary arrangements.

You can go to your local council's website to contact your DLC, and you can find contact details for ARLA using the link below.

For ARLA's contact details, go to

<https://www.justice.govt.nz/tribunals/arla/contact-us/>